# Commitment to Financial Inclusion in Honduras: Gender Gap Report

National Commission of Banks and Insurance (CNBS)





# Gender Gap Report in the Honduran Financial System 2023

data to December 2022

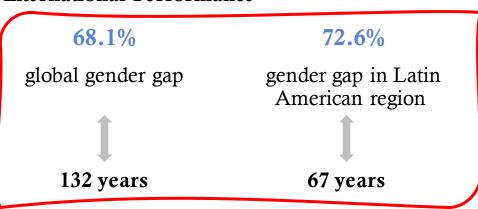


- 1. International and National Overview with a Gender Perspective
- 2. Gender Gap in the Financial System: Deposits
- 3. Gender Gap in the Financial System: Credits
- 4. Results for Other Financial Institutions
- 5. Conclusions



# Comparison of international and national performance with a gender perspective

#### International Performance



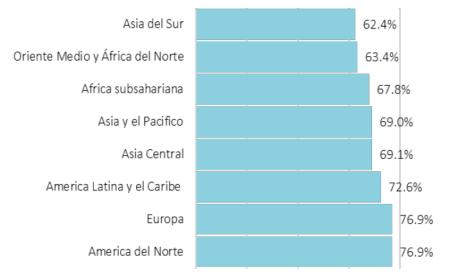


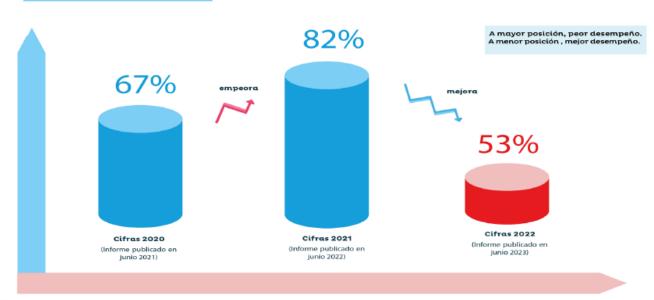
Ilustración 1 Índice de Brechas de Género por Regiones del Mundo

Fuente: Foro Económico Mundial

#### Performance of Honduras

Ilustración 2: Posiciones de Honduras en el Índice Global de Brecha de Género.

Posición en el Índice global de género



Fuente: Reportes de Indice Global de Brechas de Género, Foro Económico Mundial.

#### Positión 53

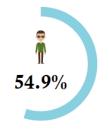
of 146 countries worlwide

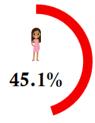
73.5% gender gap



# Women have a significant gap in terms of deposits, but they maintain a better savings culture...

9,032,124 millions in total deposit accounts by 2022









Average balance L 28,454.6

Average balance L 30,368.0

18% Gap

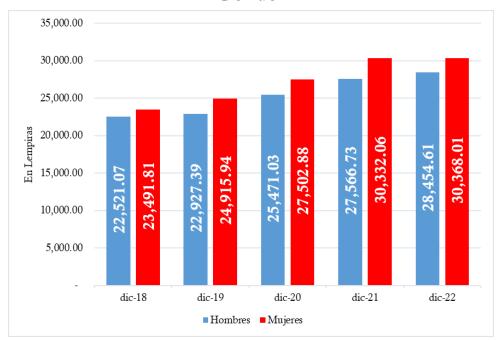
Average accounts 2.13

Average accounts **2.46** 



Despite having less volume and quantity of deposits at the individual level, women maintain a better savings culture with a higher average balance in deposit accounts.

#### Average Balances for Deposit Accounts by Gender





By department, deposits also show a gender gap: within the departments with the highest population density, women have less deposits

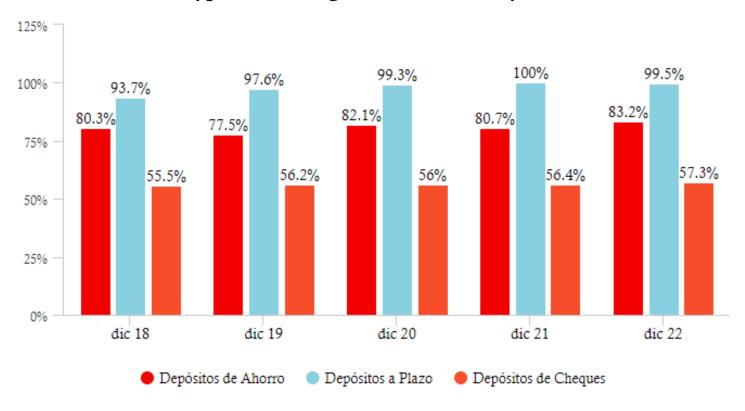
country's
departments with the
highest participation
of women in deposit
balances





## By type of deposit instrument there are also unfavorable gaps for women to address...

#### Evolution of the Gap Indicator in Deposit Accounts and by Type of Funding in the Financial System



The largest gap is found in check deposits with a margin of 42.7%.





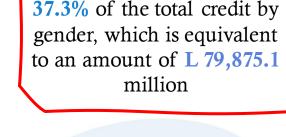
#### In access to credit, the gaps for women remain, with the exception of microcredits...

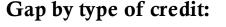
#### Percentage of women with credit in supervisedinstitutions

2022 2021 85.8% 83.4% Gap of 16.1% Gap of 14.2%

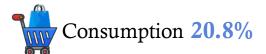
**Decrease** in the gap of 1.9%

Women participate in **37.3%** of the total credit by gender, which is equivalent to an amount of L 79,875.1 million









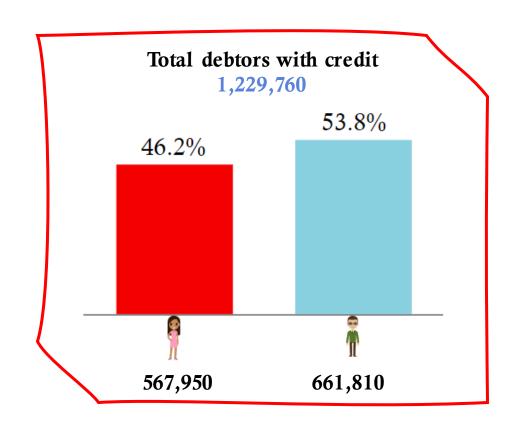
Credit card 10.6%



There is no gap in microcredits, since there are more women who receive a microcredit 1.6 for every man.



#### Indebtedness is therefore lower in women



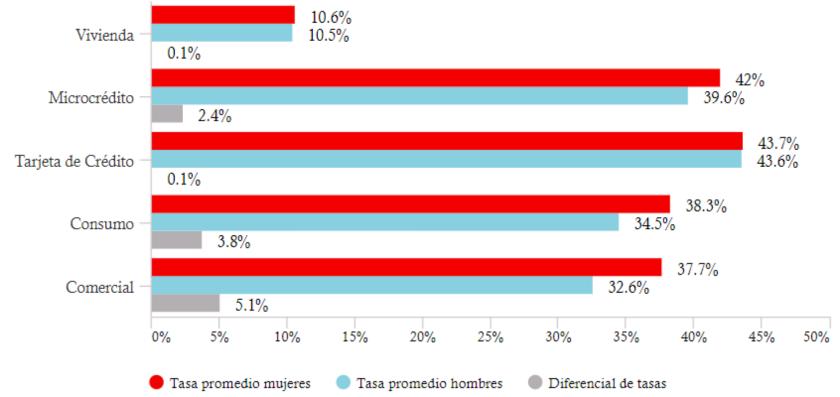
Average Credit Balance per Debtor by Type of Gender by 2022 (in lempiras)			
Type of Credit	2022		
Commercial	235,669 412,167		
Consumption	120,231 134,236		
Credit card	65,961 87,039		
Microcredit	\$\frac{1}{2} 45,242 \\ \frac{1}{2} 56,652 \end{array}\$		
Household	₹ 853,185 ₹ 992,355		

To close the gap, conditions must be created that allow access to credit, up to 93,853 women.



#### The cost of access to credit is higher for women...





The greatest intensity in the rate differential is found in **commercial** credits and consumer credits.

Despite the fact that, in microcredits, women have a greater participation in terms of amount and users, the rates are less favorable, being 2.4% higher than that of men.

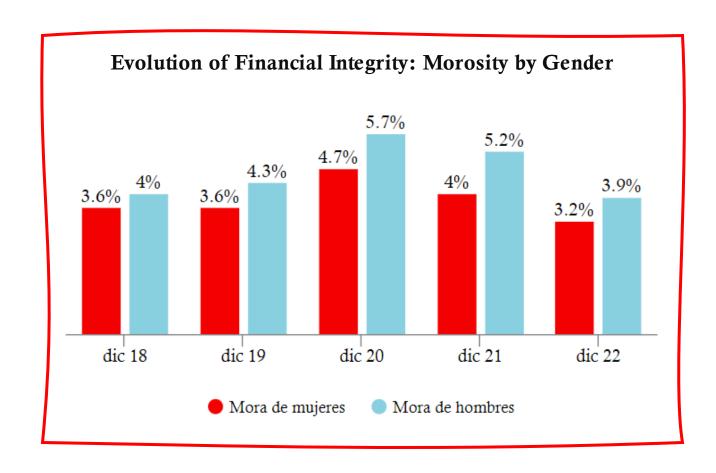




#### Women have less morosity

#### Morosity by Type of Credit by 2022

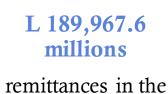
Commercial	4.1%	4.9%
Consumption	3.5%	5.2%
Credit Card	3.1%	4.1%
Microcredit	6.0%	7.5%
Household	2.2%	2.8%





## However, women have greater access to innovative payment systems

#### Credit remittance companies



financial system

**26.6%** growth



**67.4**%



32.6%



#### **Innovative Means of Payment**

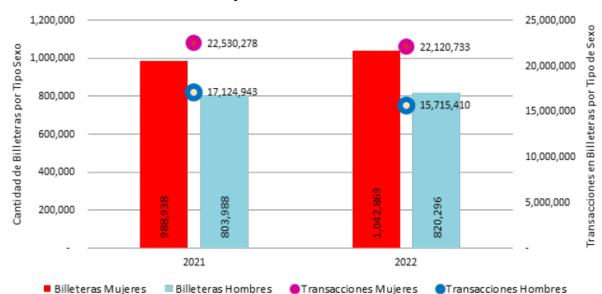


Gráfico 27 Billeteas Electrónicas y Transacciones por Sexo en el Sistema Nacional de Pagos Fuente: Unidad de Estudios Económicos







#### Conclusions

In 2022, Honduras improved 29 positions in the Global Gender Index of the World Economic Forum, going from **position** 

82 to 53.

The dynamic growth in women's loans at the end of 2022 has been the highest in the last 5 years, with an average growth of 10% interannual.

For the third consecutive year, women's deposit accounts have grown steadily and in a greater proportion than men's, at an interannual growth rate of 10.1%.

At the end of 2022, women show better payment behavior than men.

Women's remittance operations grew by 18.5%, meaning that women are receiving more remittances.



As of December 2022, women contributed 76.8% of the total increase in wallets in circulation, reaching **1,042,869** wallets.









### THANK YOU!



